UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

$(Mark\ One) \\ \boxtimes \ QUARTERLY\ REPORT\ PURSUANT\ TO\ SECTION\ 13\ OR\ 15(d)\ OF\ THE\ SECURITIES\ EXCHANGE\ ACT\ OF\ 1934$

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

or

	on period from	to	
	Comm	ission File Number: 001-42545	
		eds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. of registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware			85-1099700
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization			(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
2 East Broad Street 2nd Flo Hopewell, New Jersey	oor		08425
(Address of principal executive of	offices)		(Zip Code)
Securities registered pursuant to section 12(b) of the Act	. •	(808) 209-7887 elephone number, including area code)	
Title of each class		Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share		APUS	NYSE American LLC
, 1		APUS	N I SE American LLC
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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

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1

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Balance Sheets

	N	March 31, 2025		ecember 31, 2024	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	250,342	\$	3,455	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		9,562		9,602	
Total current assets		259,904		13,057	
Total assets	\$	259,904	\$	13,057	
Liabilities and shareholders' (deficit) equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	935,203	\$	591,191	
Accrued interest – related party		117,899		106,643	
Advance payable to related party		93,700		76,500	
Notes payable – related party		250,000		250,000	
Convertible note – related party		373,620			
Total current liabilities		1,770,422		1,024,334	
Long term portion of notes payable – related party		250,000		_	
Long term portion of convertible notes payable – related party		_		346,844	
Total liabilities		2,020,422		1,371,178	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)					
Shareholders' (deficit) equity:					
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2025 and					
December 31, 2024		_		_	
Common stock, par value \$0.01, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 7,903,850 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2025 and					
December 31, 2024		79,039		79,039	
Additional paid-in capital		2,954,764		2,954,764	
Accumulated deficit		(4,794,321)		(4,391,924)	
Total shareholders' (deficit) equity		(1,760,518)		(1,358,121)	
Total liabilities and shareholders' (deficit) equity	\$	259,904	\$	13,057	

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements}.$

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Statements of Operations

		For the three months ended March 31,				
	2025			2024		
Operating expenses:						
Research and development expenses	\$	_	\$	_		
General and administrative expenses		364,368		271,726		
Loss from operations		(364,368)		(271,726)		
Other (expenses) income						
Interest income		3		2,161		
Interest expense		(38,032)		(26,908)		
Total other expense, net		(38,029)		(24,747)		
Net loss	\$	(402,397)	\$	(296,473)		
Weighted average shares outstanding		7,903,850		7,903,850		
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.04)		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements}.$

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Statement of Changes in Shareholders' (Deficit) Equity

	Preferre	ed Stock Common Stock		Additional							
	Number of Shares	Amount		Number of Shares	A	Amount		Paid-In Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Total
Balance at December 31, 2024		\$	=	7,903,850	\$	79,039	\$	2,954,764	\$	(4,391,924)	\$ (1,358,121)
Net loss	_		_	_		_		_		(402,397)	(402,397)
Balance at March 31, 2025		\$		7,903,850	\$	79,039	\$	2,954,764	\$	(4,794,321)	\$ (1,760,518)
Balance at December 31, 2023	_	\$	_	7,903,850	\$	79,039	\$	2,954,764	\$	(3,001,934)	\$ 31,869
Net loss	_		_	_		_		_		(296,473)	(296,473)
Balance at March 31, 2024		\$		7,903,850	\$	79,039	\$	2,954,764	\$	(3,298,407)	\$ (264,604)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	F	For the Three Months End March 31,			
		2025	2024		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net loss	\$	(402,397)	\$ (296,473)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Accrued interest expense – related parties		11,256	7,956		
Accretion expense		26,776	18,952		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		40	1,258		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		344,012	5,207		
Net cash used in operating activities	'	(20,313)	(263,100)		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Net cash provided by investing activities		_	_		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from notes payable – related parties		250,000	_		
Cash advances from related parties		17,200	_		
Net cash provided by financing activities		267,200			
. ,					
Net increase (decrease) in cash		246,887	(263,100)		
Cash, beginning of period		3,455	410,481		
Cash, end of period	\$	250,342	\$ 147,381		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Business Description

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. (the "Company" or "Apimeds") was formed as a corporation in May 2020 and was incorporated in the State of Delaware. On August 21, 2021, Apimeds Inc., the shareholder of the Company ("Apimeds Korea"), and Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US Inc. entered into the business agreement, under which the Company was designated to operate a pharmaceutical business which provides the biological drug named ApitoxTM to clients in the biological drug commercial transaction area.

Apimeds is a clinical stage company that is in the process of developing ApitoxTM, a proprietary intradermally administered bee venom-based toxin which completed a positive Phase 3 trial for the treatment of pain associated with Osteoarthritis in 2018 and is now proceeding with FDA discussions on next steps in approval. In the future, the Company plans to investigate potential uses for ApitoxTM for in treating multiple sclerosis ("MS"), and intends to conduct non-registered corporate sponsorship studies to identify appropriate MS patient populations. ApitoxTM is currently marketed and sold by Apimeds Korea in South Korea (Republic of Korea) as "Apitoxin" for the treatment of osteoarthritis. Apimeds Inc. holds the majority of the Company's outstanding common stock and is a subsidiary of Inscobee Inc. ("Inscobee").

The success of the Company is dependent on obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals of its product candidates, marketing its products and achieving profitable operations. The continuation of the research and development activities and the commercialization of its products, if approved, are dependent on the Company's ability to successfully complete these activities and to obtain additional financing through a combination of financing activities and operations. It is not possible to predict either the outcome of future research and development or commercialization programs, or the Company's ability to fund these programs.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Company has prepared these unaudited condensed financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") as found in the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") and Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. Except ("FASB") as disclosed herein, there have been no material changes in the information disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements included in the Annual Report for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed financial statements and related disclosures herein should be read in conjunction with our 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Liquidity

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had accumulated deficit amount to \$4,794,321. The Company incurred net losses of \$402,397 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, and expects to continue to incur substantial losses in the future. On May 12, 2025, the Company consummated its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,375,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share, generating net proceeds to the Company of \$11.9 million. Based on cash that is available for Company operations, together with the proceeds from the IPO, and projections of future Company operations, the Company believes that its cash will be sufficient to fund the Company's current operating plan through at least the next twelve months from the date of issuance of the accompanying condensed financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions made in the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include, but are not limited to, stock-based compensation and estimates that are related to convertible instruments. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and such differences could be material to the financial statements.

Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities reflects management's estimate of amounts that the Company would have received in connection with the sale of the assets or paid in connection with the transfer of the liabilities in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In connection with measuring the fair value of its assets and liabilities, the Company seeks to maximize the use of observable inputs (market data obtained from independent sources) and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs (internal assumptions about how market participants would price assets and liabilities). The following fair value hierarchy is used to classify assets and liabilities based on the observable inputs and unobservable inputs used in order to value the assets and liabilities:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. An active market for an asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs. Examples of Level 2 inputs include quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities and quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on the Company's assessment of the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

In some circumstances, the inputs used to measure fair value might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Common Stock Reverse Stock Split

On February 7,2025, the Board approved and implemented a reverse stock split ratio of 1-for-2.6, which provided that every 2.6 shares of its issued and outstanding Common Stock was automatically combined into *one* issued and outstanding share of Common Stock, without any change in the par value per share. All share and per share amounts in the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements and footnotes have been retrospectively adjusted for the reverse split.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist of cash accounts in financial institutions which, at times, may exceed the federal depository insurance corporation limit of \$250,000. As of March 31, 2025, the Company has not experienced losses on these accounts and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such accounts.

Segment Information

The Company operates as a single operating and reportable segment, which aligns with the way the Chief Executive Officer, designated as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), evaluates performance and allocates resources. The Company is a clinical-stage entity focused on the development of a proprietary intradermally administered bee venom-based therapeutic. As of March 31, 2025, the Company has not generated any revenue and does not have any long-lived assets. The CODM assesses the Company's performance primarily through the analysis of operating expenses, specifically within key categories such as research and development and general and administrative expenses. Given the Company is in a pre-revenue stage, these expense categories serve as the primary financial drivers.

Financial information provided to and utilized by the CODM is consistent with the Company's GAAP financial statements, including the Statements of Operations, which reflect the loss. A single management team reports directly to the CODM and oversees the entire business comprehensively. Resource allocation, performance evaluation, incentive setting, and forecasting activities are conducted at the corporate level using the financial statements and a unified budget. Accordingly, the Company does not evaluate performance by geographic area or product line, as it has not yet commenced commercial operations and has limited activity due to current liquidity and funding constraints. All operations are based in the United States of America, and all assets and operating expenses — including those related to research and development and general and administrative functions — are attributed to the Company's single reportable segment.

Cash

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had no cash equivalents.

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of accrued interest for the convertible and promissory notes held with related parties, monies owed to vendors, as well as others, such as the taxing authority and employees.

As March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the accounts payable and accrued expenses balance consists of the following:

	M	March 31,		ember 31,
		2025		2024
Professional fees payable	\$	648,153	\$	410,641
Accrued compensation		287,050		180,550
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	935,203	\$	591,191

Convertible Instruments

The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in convertible instruments in accordance with ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging Activities".

Applicable U.S. GAAP requires companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free-standing derivative financial instruments according to certain criteria. The criteria include circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under other U.S. GAAP with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument.

The Company accounts for convertible instruments (when we have determined that the embedded conversion options should not be bifurcated from their host instruments) as follows: The Company records when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. Debt discounts under these arrangements are accreted over the term of the related debt to their stated date of redemption.

If a security or instrument becomes convertible only upon the occurrence of a future event outside the control of the Company, or, is convertible from inception, but contains conversion terms that change upon the occurrence of a future event, then any contingent beneficial conversion feature is measured and recognized when the triggering event occurs and contingency has been resolved.

Patent Costs

All patent-related costs incurred in connection with filing and prosecuting patent applications are expensed as incurred due to the uncertainty about the recovery of the expenditure. Amounts incurred are classified as general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statements of operations.

Leases

The Company accounts for a contract as a lease when it has the right to direct the use of the asset for a period of time while obtaining substantially all of the asset's economic benefits. The Company determines the initial classification and measurement of its right-of-use assets ("ROU") and lease liabilities at the lease commencement date and thereafter if modified. ROU assets and liabilities are to be represented on the balance sheet at the present value of future minimum lease payments to be made over the lease term. The Company has elected as an accounting policy not to apply the recognition requirements in ASC 2016-02, *Leases* ("ASC 842") to short-term leases. Short-term leases are leases that have a term of 12 months or less and do not include an option to purchase the underlying asset that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise. The Company recognizes the lease payments for short-term leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company did not have leases that qualified as ROU assets.

Related Parties

The Company follows ASC 850, "Related Party Disclosures" for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of management personnel costs, professional service fees, and other general overhead and facility costs, including rent and insurance, which relate to the Company's general and administrative functions.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses consist primarily of consulting, regulatory and manufacturing related costs, third-party license fees and external costs of vendors engaged to conduct preclinical development activities. These costs are expensed as incurred and non-refundable prepayments for goods or services that will be used or rendered for future research and development activities are deferred and capitalized in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

The Company enters into arrangements with contract research organizations in connection with pre-clinical and clinical trials. Such arrangements often provide for payment prior to commencing the project or based upon predetermined milestones throughout the period during which services are expected to be performed. As part of the process of preparing the Company's financial statements, management is required to estimate prepaid and accrued clinical trial expenses. The date on which services commence, the level of services performed on or before a given date, and the cost of such services are often determined based on subjective judgments informed by the facts and circumstances known to management from the terms of the contract and the Company's ongoing monitoring of service performance. The Company makes these judgments based upon the facts and circumstances known to management based on the terms of the contract and the Company's ongoing monitoring of service performance.

In line with the guidance suggested under ASC 450, *Contingencies* and ASC 730, *Research and Development*, all research and development costs will be expensed as incurred. Development and regulatory milestone payments are accounted for by estimating the probability of milestone achievement.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with the fair value recognition provision of FASB ASC 718, Compensation — Stock Compensation ("ASC 718"), which prescribes accounting and reporting standards for all share-based payment transactions in which employee services are acquired. Transactions include incurring liabilities, or issuing or offering to issue shares, options, and other equity instruments such as employee stock ownership plans and stock appreciation rights. Share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized as compensation expense in the unaudited condensed financial statements based on the estimated grant date fair values. That expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, known as the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). The Company accounts for forfeitures as they occur. The Company classifies share-based compensation expense in its statements of operations in the same manner in which the award recipient's cash compensation costs are classified.

Given the absence of an active market for the Company's equity, the Company and the board of directors were required to estimate the fair value of the Company's common stock and equity awards at the time of each grant. The Company and the board of directors determined the estimated fair value of the Company's equity instruments based on a number of factors, including external market conditions affecting the pharmaceutical industry sector. The Company and the board of directors utilized various valuation methodologies in accordance with the framework of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Technical Practice Aid, Valuation of Privately Held Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation, to estimate the fair value of its equity instrument. Each valuation methodology includes estimates and assumptions that require the Company's judgment.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences attributable to differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax reporting purposes and for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded in the provision for income taxes.

The Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply in the years in which these temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is recorded to reduce deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that all or a portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company considers many factors when assessing the likelihood of future realization of deferred tax assets, including recent earnings results, expectations of future taxable income, carryforward periods available and other relevant factors. The Company records changes in the required valuation allowance in the period that the determination is made.

The Company assesses its income tax position and records tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon management's evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available as of the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, the Company records the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority having full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, the Company does not recognize a tax benefit in the financial statements. The Company records interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if applicable, as a component of income tax expense.

Basic and Diluted Loss per share

Basic loss per share data for each period presented is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each such period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by giving effect to all potential shares of common stock to the extent they are dilutive.

The following table sets forth the number of potential shares of common stock that have been excluded from basic net loss per share because their effect was anti-dilutive:

	For the three mon	
	2025	2024
Employee stock options	213,693	213,693
Convertible notes and interest	295,672	283,397
	509,365	497,090

Emerging Growth Company

The Company intends to elect as an Emerging Growth Company, as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 ("JOBS Act"). Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act, until such time as those standards apply to private companies. The Company has elected to use this extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until the earlier of the date that it (i) is no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opts out of the extended transition period provided in the JOBS Act. As a result, these unaudited condensed financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with the new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Company considers the applicability and impact of all Accounting Standard Updates. ASUs not discussed in these unaudited condensed financial statements were assessed and determined to be either not applicable or are expected to have minimal impact on the financial statements.

In November 2024, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*. This guidance will require additional disclosures and disaggregation of certain costs and expenses presented on the face of the income statement. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim reporting period beginning after December 15, 2027 with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance to our financial statements.

3. LICENSE AGREEMENTS

On August 2, 2021, the Company entered into a business agreement with Apimeds Korea. Under the agreement, the Company received the right to continue any clinical trial and acquire the permits and approval necessary from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The Company will pay Apimeds Korea a royalty of 5% of the earnings before interest and taxes, delivered from the sale or license of Apitox less any credits and charges, however, the royalty terms shall not apply when shares of the Company are transferred or sold through merger, acquisition, or share transfer agreement to a third party.

On October 12, 2021, the Company entered into an exclusive patent license agreement with Apimeds Korea, a shareholder of the Company. Under the agreement, the Company was granted the exclusive right and license under the licensed patents to make and sell the licensed products in the United States of America.

The agreement shall commence on the effective date and shall remain in force for each licensed product on a licensed-product-by-licensed-product basis for rights and obligations concerning the licensed patent, until the expiration of the last to expire valid claim of a licensed patent. The total consideration exchanged for the exclusive license agreement was \$1.

4. DEBT

2022 Convertible notes (amended from notes payable) — related parties

On March 21, 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note agreement in the amount of \$160,000 with Inscobee, one of its shareholders. On June 3, 2022, the Company received an additional \$100,000 from Inscobee, as part of another promissory note agreement (together as "2022 Convertible Notes"). The 2022 Convertible Notes bear interest at 5% per annum and mature on the earlier of (a) the closing of an equity financing with proceeds to the Company of at least \$3 million, or (b) July 15, 2022.

On December 5, 2023, the Company amended their promissory notes to be convertible and extended the maturity date of the convertible notes with the related parties to be the earlier of (i) December 31, 2026 or (ii) consummation of a qualified offering. The notes are convertible at a price of \$1 per share. The purchase of convertible notes and cancellation of the old promissory notes was accounted for as a debt extinguishment that did not result in a gain/loss on extinguishment due to related party treatment. The conversion option was valued utilizing the Black-Scholes model, with the following inputs: volatility of 92.22%, current stock price of \$1.96, expected dividend yield of 0% and a risk-free rate of return of 4.33%. The resulting value of the convertible option of \$158,099 based on the allocation of relative fair value to cash proceeds, was applied towards additional paid-in capital and added as a discount on the convertible note. The note will be accreted over the remaining period through maturity at the calculated effective interest rate of approximately 41.4%.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there was accrued interest in connection to the 2022 Convertible Notes of \$37,844 and \$34,745, respectively. Interest expenses were \$3,099 and \$3,134 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and are included within accrued interest — related party on the accompanying balance sheet. There was accretion on the note's debt discount of \$10,599 and \$7,471 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the outstanding balance on the 2022 Convertible notes agreement, net of the unamortized debt discounts of \$113,934 and \$124,534, was \$146,066 and \$135,466, respectively.

2021 Convertible note — related party

On August 30, 2021, the Company received \$400,000 in a convertible note agreement ("2021 Convertible Note") with Apimeds Korea, one of its shareholders. The 2021 Convertible Note bears interest at 5% per annum and matures on the earlier of (a) the sale of the Company or (b) August 30, 2026. The 2021 Convertible Note is convertible at any time up through the maturity date. The number of shares of common stock shall be determined by dividing (x) the outstanding principal balance hereof plus accrued but unpaid interest by the first closing price on the first day of trading following a Qualified Direct Listing.

On December 5, 2023, the Company amended their convertible note to be convertible at \$1 per share and extended the maturity date to be the earlier of (i) December 31, 2026 or (ii) consummation of a qualified offering. The repurchase and cancellation of the old note was accounted for as a debt extinguishment that did not result in any gain/loss on extinguishment due to related party treatment. The conversion option was valued utilizing the Black-Scholes model, with the following inputs: volatility of 92.22%, the fair value of the stock of \$1.96, expected dividend yield of 0%, and a risk-free rate of return of 4.33%. The resulting value of the convertible option of \$240,079, based on the allocation of relative fair value to cash proceeds, was applied towards additional paid-in capital and added as a discount on the convertible note. The note will be accreted over the remaining period through maturity at the calculated effective interest rate of approximately 40.6%.

As March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there was accrued interest in connection with the 2021 Convertible Note of \$70,904 and \$66,137, respectively, and is included within accrued interest — related party on the accompanying unaudited condensed balance sheets. Interest expense was \$4,767 and \$4,822 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Accretion on the 2021 Convertible Note discount is included within interest expense on the unaudited condensed statement of operations. There was accretion on the 2021 Convertible Note debt discount of \$16,177 and \$11,481 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the outstanding balance on the 2021 Convertible Note, net of the unamortized debt discounts of \$172,445 and \$188,622, was \$227,555 and \$211,378, respectively.

In connection with the closing of its initial public offering (the" IPO'), 2022 Convertible Notes and 2021 Convertible Note automatically converted into shares of common stock. Pursuant to the terms of the 2021 and 2022 Convertible Notes agreements (as emended), all outstanding accrued and unpaid interest owed under the 2021 and 2022 Convertible Notes was to convert into Common Stock simultaneously with the consummation of an offering of Common Stock resulting in the listing of the common stock on the NYSE American, or other national securities exchange. An aggregate of \$772,545 of outstanding principal and accrued interest under the Notes was converted to common stock, resulting in the issuance of an aggregate of 297,133 shares of Company's common stock, based on a conversion price of \$2.60 per share, as set forth in the 2021 and 2022 Convertible Notes.

2024 Promissory Notes — Related Parties

On May 20, 2024, the Company received \$100,000 in a promissory note agreement with Inscobee Inc., one of its shareholders. On August 19, 2024, the Company received an additional \$150,000 from Inscobee, as part of another promissory note agreement (together as "2024 *Promissory Notes*"). The 2024 Promissory Notes bear interest at 5% per annum and mature on the earlier of (a) the closing of an equity financing by the Company with gross proceeds of at least \$3,000,000; or (b) May 19, 2025.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there was accrued interest in connection with the 2024 Promissory Notes of \$8,842 and \$5,760. Interest expense was \$3,082 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, and is included within accrued interest — related party on the accompanying unaudited condensed balance sheet.

On May 16, 2025, the 2024 Promissory Notes were further amended extending the maturity date of for the outstanding principal and accrued interest payment date to May 19, 2026.

2025 Promissory Note — Related Parties

On March 21, 2025, the Company received \$250,000 in a promissory note agreement with Apimeds, Korea, one of its shareholders ("2025 Promissory Note"). The 2025 Promissory Note bears interest at 5% per annum and matures on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2026 or (b) consummation of a Qualified Offering.

As of March 31, 2025, there was accrued interest in connection with the 2025 Promissory Note of \$308. Interest expense was \$308 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, and is included within accrued interest — related party on the accompanying unaudited condensed balance sheet.

On May 16, 2025, the 2025 Promissory Note was further amended extending the maturity date of for the outstanding principal and accrued interest payment date to May 19, 2026.

2024 Short Term Borrowing

On July 19, 2024, the Company entered into a non-interest-bearing loan agreement with a private lender for \$20,000. The note matured on August 31, 2024, or may be extended upon mutual agreement. This loan was paid off in full on August 27, 2024.

5. ADVANCE PAYABLE — RELATED PARTY

As of March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024 the Company had an outstanding balance of \$93,700 and \$76,500, respectively, due to funds received from an officer of the Company.

These advance payables carry no interest and do not have a maturity date. The cash proceeds from these advance payables were used for operating purposes.

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal

Periodically, the Company reviews the status of any significant matters that exist and assesses its potential financial exposure. If the potential loss from any claim or legal claim is considered probable and the amount can be estimated, the Company accrues a liability for the estimated loss. Legal proceedings are subject to uncertainties, and the outcomes are difficult to predict. Because of such uncertainties, accruals are based on the best information available at the time. As additional information becomes available, the Company reassesses the potential liability related to pending claims and litigation. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there are no pending claims or litigation that are expected to materially affect the Company's results going forward.

Executive employee agreement

On September 21, 2023, the Company signed an executive employee agreement with the CEO of the Company. Under the executive employee agreement terms, if the Company closes on a public offering, the CEO will be eligible to receive an incentive stock option to purchase a number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to 3% of the post-Public Offering capitalization of the Company. 40% of the options shall vest immediately upon grant and the remainder will vest in three equal installments on the annual anniversary of the date of grant. On May 12, 2025, the Company consummated its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,375,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share, generating gross proceeds to the Company of \$13.5 million before deducting underwriting discounts and offering expenses. The Company is currently in a process of evaluating of post-IPO capitalization with the grants to be approved by the board of directors.

7. SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Common Stock

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had 100,000,000 authorized shares of common stock, respectively, at a par value of \$0.01. The Company had 7,903,850 common shares issued and outstanding, as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Each Common share is entitled to one vote.

On February 7, 2025, the Board approved and implemented a reverse stock split ratio of 1-for-2.6, which provided that every 2.6 shares of its issued and outstanding Common Stock were automatically combined into *one* issued and outstanding share of Common Stock, without any change in the par value per share. All share and per share amounts in the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements and footnotes have been retrospectively adjusted for the reverse split

Preferred Stock

On December 5, 2023, the Company authorized 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.01. The rights and preferences of preferred shareholders have not been determined as of the date of filing. The Company had no preferred shares issued or outstanding as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

8. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock Options

On September 18, 2024, the Company adopted an equity incentive plan for its employees, the Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. 2024 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2024 Equity Incentive Plan"). 1,000,000 shares of common stock have initially been reserved for the issuance of awards under the 2024 Equity Incentive Plan with no stock options granted or outstanding as of the issuance date of the financial statements.

On May 12, 2020, the Company granted one of its executive officers a total of 213,692 nonqualified stock option awards issued outside of the 2024 Equity Incentive Plan. The stock options vested in three equal tranches of 71,231 on the grant anniversary date through May 12, 2023. The shares have an exercise price of \$7.33 per share and expire in 10 years on May 12, 2030.

There were no stock option awards issued, canceled or forfeited during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

As of March 31, 2025, there were 213,692 stock option awards outstanding and exercisable, with \$7.33 weighted average exercised price and 5.12 years in weighted average remaining life, and no aggregated intrinsic value.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, there was \$0 of stock-based compensation recognized.

The options were valued utilizing the Black-Scholes options pricing model with the following inputs: 0.20% risk-free rate, 66.8% volatility, 0% dividend rate, vesting term of 3 years, and the expected term of 6.5 years.

As of March 31, 2025, there were no remaining unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested options.

9. INCOME TAXES

The Company recorded no provision or benefit for income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

For all periods presented, the pretax losses incurred by the Company received no corresponding tax benefit because the Company concluded that it is more likely than not that the Company will be unable to realize the value of any resulting deferred tax assets. The Company will continue to assess its position in future periods to determine if it is appropriate to reduce a portion of its valuation allowance in the future.

The Company has no open tax audits with any taxing authority as of March 31, 2025.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Initial public offering

On May 12, 2025, the Company consummated its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,375,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share, generating gross proceeds to the Company of \$13.5 million before deducting underwriting discounts and offering expenses.

Conversion of Related Parties 2022 Convertible Notes and 2021 Convertible Note

In connection with the closing of its initial public offering (the" IPO'), the Related Parties 2022 Convertible Notes and 2021 Convertible Note automatically converted into shares of common stock. Pursuant to the terms of the 2021 and 2022 Convertible Notes agreements (as emended), all outstanding accrued and unpaid interest owed under the 2021 and 2022 Convertible Notes was to convert into Common Stock simultaneously with the consummation of an offering of Common Stock resulting in the listing of the common stock on the NYSE American, or other national securities exchange. An aggregate of \$772,545 of outstanding principal and accrued interest under the Notes was converted to common stock, resulting in the issuance of an aggregate of 297,133 shares of Company's common stock, based on a conversion price of \$2.60 per share, as set forth in the 2021 and 2022 Convertible Notes.

Underwriting Agreement and Representative's Warrants

In connection with the IPO, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement, dated May 8, 2025, between the Company and D. Boral Capital LLC, as representative of the underwriters. In connection with the agreement, the company issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of 168,750 shares of common stock (the "Representative's Warrants". The Representative's Warrants have an exercise price of \$5.00 per share, are exercisable on or after November 4, 2025, and will expire five years from the date of issuance.

Amendments of Related Parties 2024 Promissory Notes and 2025 Promissory Note

On May 16, 2025, the Related Parties 2024 Promissory Notes and 2025 Promissory Note were further amended extending the maturity date of for the outstanding principal and accrued interest payment dates for all notes to May 19, 2026.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References in this report (the "Quarterly Report") to "we," "us" or the "Company" refer to Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. References to our "management" or our "management team" refer to our officers and directors. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ significantly from the results, expectations and plans discussed in these forward-looking statements.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act that are not historical facts, and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected and projected. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-Q including, without limitation, statements in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" regarding our financial position, business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intends," "may," "might," "plan," "possible," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "would" and variations thereof and similar words and expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance, but reflect management's current beliefs, based on information currently available. A number of factors could cause actual events, performance or results to differ materially from the events, performance and results discussed in the forward-looking statements. For information identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements, please refer to the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the SEC on April 15, 2025 (the "Annual Report") and the "Risk Factors" section of this report. Our securities filings can be accessed on the EDGAR section of the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Except as expressly required by applicable securities law, we disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Overview

Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. is a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company that is in the process of developing Apitox, a proprietary intradermally administered bee venom-based toxin. Our primary focus is to advance Apitox in the treatment of inflammatory conditions in the United States, specifically osteoarthritis ("OA") and, eventually, multiple sclerosis ("MS").

Apitox, is currently marketed and sold by Apimeds, Inc. in South Korea ("Apimeds Korea") as "Apitoxin" for the treatment of inflammation and pain management symptoms associated with OA. There is an extensive history of use of bee venom, both in the United States and around the world, to assist with pain management. We believe that, in addition to knee OA and MS, Apitox has the potential to help manage difficult to control pain and inflammation issues, which we will explore in the future.

Our Product Candidate

Our product candidate Apitox is a purified, pharmaceutical grade venom of the Apis mellifera, or honeybee, which is classified by the U.S Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") as an active pharmaceutical ingredient ("API"). Apimeds Korea has developed a proprietary method and process of turning extracted bee venom into a lyophilized powder for reconstitution prior to intradermal dose injections, which they sell in Korea as South Apitoxin. Apimeds Korea has exclusively licensed to us all rights to develop, commercialize, market and sell Apitoxin as "Apitox" in the United States in exchange for a sales royalty. See "Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence — Certain Relationships and Related Transactions — Business Agreement."

The success of the Company is dependent on obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals of its product candidates, marketing its products and achieving profitable operations. The continuation of the research and development activities and the commercialization of its products, if approved, are dependent on the Company's ability to successfully complete these activities and to obtain additional financing through a combination of financing activities and operations. It is not possible to predict either the outcome of future research and development or commercialization programs, or the Company's ability to fund these programs.

Financial Results

Since inception, Apimeds has incurred significant operating losses. For the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. net loss was \$402,397 and \$296,473, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. had an accumulated deficit of \$4,794,321, a stockholders' deficit of \$1,760,518 and a working capital deficit of \$1,136,898.

Liquidity

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had accumulated deficit amount to \$4,794,321. The Company incurred net losses of \$402,397 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, and expects to continue to incur substantial losses in the future. On May 12, 2025, the Company consummated its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,375,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share, generating net proceeds to the Company of \$11.9 million. Based on cash that is available for Company operations, together with the proceeds from the IPO, and projections of future Company operations, the Company believes that its cash will be sufficient to fund the Company's current operating plan through at least the next twelve months from the date of issuance of the accompanying condensed financial statements.

Results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024

Operating Expense

The following table sets forth the Company's selected statements of operations data for the following periods:

		Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2025	2025 2024			Change	
Operating expenses						
Research and development expenses	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	
General and administrative expenses	364,368		271,726		92,642	
Loss from operations	(364,368)		(271,726)		(92,642)	
Other expenses						
Interest income	3		2,161		(2,158)	
Interest expense	(38,032)		(26,908)		(11,124)	
Net loss	\$ (402,397)	\$	(296,473)	\$	(105,924)	

Revenues

For the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had no revenue.

General and administrative expenses

The following table summarizes the year-over-year changes in general and administrative expenses for the years presented:

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2025 2024			Change		
Payroll expenses	\$	106,500	\$	99,000	\$	7,500	
Professional services		249,512		154,058		95,454	
Office expenses		512		6,853		(6,341)	
General administrative		7,844		11,815		(3,971)	
	\$	364,368	\$	271,726	\$	92,642	

General and administrative expenses were \$364,368 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to \$271,726 for the same period in 2024, representing an increase of \$92,642. The increase was mainly attributable to an increase in professional expenses for a total of approximately \$95,000 and an increase in payroll expenses for the officers of the Company for a total of approximately \$8,000.

Other Expense

The following table summarizes the year-over-year changes in general and administrative expenses for the years presented:

		Three Mon Marc			
	\ <u></u>	2025	2024		Change
Interest income	\$	3	\$ 2,161	\$	(2,158)
Interest expense		(38,032)	(26,908)	_	(11,124)
	\$	(38,029)	\$ (24,747)	\$	(13,282)

Other expense was \$38,029 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to \$24,747 for the same period in 2024, representing an increase in expense of \$13,282. The increase was mainly due to an increase in interest expense for a total of approximately \$11,000.

Net Loss

Net loss was \$402,397 for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to \$296,473 in the same period of 2024, representing an increase in loss of \$105,924. The increase was mainly due to the increase in general and administrative expenses, specifically professional fees associated with the filing of the registration statements with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and pre-IPO expenses as well as an increase in payroll expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has generated no revenue, has incurred operating losses since inception, expects to continue to incur significant operating losses for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable. Until such time as the Company is able to establish a revenue stream, it is dependent upon obtaining necessary equity and/or debt financing to continue operations. The Company cannot make any assurances that sales will commence in the near term or that additional financing will be available to it on acceptable terms or at all. This could negatively impact our business and operations and could also lead to the reduction of our operations.

Cash Flows

The following table presents selected financial information and statistics for each of the periods shown below:

	 2025	 2024		Change	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (20,313)	\$ (263,100)	\$	242,787	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	_		_	
Net cash provided by financing activities	267,200	_		267,200	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 246,887	\$ (263,100)	\$	509,987	

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, operating activities used approximately \$20,000 of cash, primarily resulting from a net loss of \$402,397, partially offset by non-cash interest expense-related parties of \$11,256, accretion expense of \$26,776, and changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$344,051.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, operating activities used approximately \$263,000 of cash, primarily resulting from a net loss of \$296,473, partially offset by non-cash interest expense-related parties of \$7,956, accretion expense of \$18,952, and changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$6,464.

Investing activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 investing activities used \$0.

Financing activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, financing activities provided \$267,200 of cash resulting from \$250,000 in proceeds from notes payable from related parties and cash advances from related parties of \$17,200.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, financing activities used \$0.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

See Note 4 – Debt, and Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies, of the notes to the Company's financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2025 included elsewhere in this Annual Report for further discussion of the Company's commitments and contingencies.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company is not party to any off-balance sheet transactions. The Company has no guarantees or obligations other than those which arise out of normal business operations.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

The Company's management's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations is based on its financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The preparation of these unaudited condensed financial statements requires Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. In accordance with GAAP, Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. evaluates its estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. The most significant estimates relate to convertible instruments. Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. bases its estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experiences, and various other factors that Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. believes are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The Company defines its critical accounting policies as those accounting principles that require it to make subjective estimates and judgments about matters that are uncertain and are likely to have a material impact on its financial condition and results of operations, as well as the specific manner in which the Company applies those principles. While its significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to its financial statements, the Company believes the following are the critical accounting policies used in the preparation of its unaudited condensed financial statements that require significant estimates and judgments.

Convertible Instruments

The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in convertible instruments in accordance with ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging Activities".

The Company accounts for convertible instruments (when we have determined that the embedded conversion options should not be bifurcated from their host instruments) as follows: The Company records when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. Debt discounts under these arrangements are amortized over the term of the related debt to their stated date of redemption.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As a smaller reporting company, we have elected not to provide the disclosure required by this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report in providing reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. This was due to deficiencies that existed in the design and operation of our internal controls over financial reporting, involving internal controls and procedures, that were considered to be material weaknesses, as described below.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Internal control over financial reporting refers to the process designed by, or under the supervision of, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, and effected by our Board, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of our management and directors; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisitions, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting has inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

We have conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, based on the framework established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO Framework). This assessment included an evaluation of the design of our internal control over financial reporting and testing of the operational effectiveness of those controls. Based on that evaluation, as a result of the material weaknesses described below, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report.

A material weakness in internal controls is a deficiency in internal control, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects our ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report external financial data reliably in accordance with GAAP such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected. In the course of making our assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting, we identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. Specifically, we do not have sufficiently documented procedures or control activities in place to support a reliable financial reporting process. This includes an absence of controls over the review and approval of journal entries, segregation of duties, reconciliations, and other fundamental accounting processes.

Based on our assessment under the criteria described above, we have concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act, during the quarter ended March 31, 2025, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. The Company continues to review its disclosure controls and procedures, including its internal control over financial reporting, and may from time to time make changes aimed at enhancing their effectiveness and to ensure that the Company's systems evolve with its business.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are not currently subject to any legal proceedings. However, we may from time to time become a party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As a smaller reporting company under Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act, we are not required to include risk factors in this Quarterly Report. However, as of the date of this Quarterly Report, there have been no material changes with respect to those risk factors previously disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of the Annual Report. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. We may disclose changes to such risk factors or disclose additional risk factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

Item 2	2. I	Unregistered	Sales o	of Equi	ty Secu	irities a	and l	Use of	Proceeds

(b) Not applicable.

(c) None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

- (a) None.
- (b) None.
- (c) During the quarter ended March 31, 2025, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report.

No.	Description of Exhibit
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Registration
	Statement on Form S-1 filed on September 25, 2024)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to our Annual Report on
	Form 10-K filed on April 15, 2025)
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on
	<u>April 15, 2025)</u>
10.1	March 2025 Promissory Note by and between Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. and Apimeds, Inc., dated March 21, 2025 (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.26 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on April 15, 2025)
31.1*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification by Principal Executive Officer
31.2*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification by Principal Financial and Accounting Officer
32.1*	Section 1350 Certification of Principal Executive Officer
32.2*	Section 1350 Certification of Principal Financial and Accounting Officer
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in iXBRL, and included in exhibit 101)

^{*} Filed or furnished with this Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

APIMEDS PHARMACEUTICALS US, INC.

Date: May 19, 2025 By: /s/ Erik Emerson

Name: Erik Emerson

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Erik Emerson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q quarterly report of Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. for the quarter ended March 31, 2025;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

APIMEDS PHARMACEUTICALS US, INC.

Date: May 19, 2025 By: /s/ Erik Emerson

Name: Erik Emerson

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Mark Corrao, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q quarterly report of Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. for the quarter ended March 31, 2025;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

APIMEDS PHARMACEUTICALS US, INC.

Date: May 19, 2025 By: /s/ Mark Corrao

Name: Mark Corrao

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned principal executive officer of the Company, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

APIMEDS PHARMACEUTICALS US, INC.

Date: May 19, 2025 /s/ Erik Emerson

Name: Erik Emerson

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Apimeds Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned principal financial officer of the Company, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

APIMEDS PHARMACEUTICALS US, INC.

Date: May 19, 2025 By: /s/ Mark Corrao

Name: Mark Corrao

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)